What is the difference between service and guide dogs?

Under the Service Dogs Act in Alberta, service dogs are qualified dogs trained as a guide for disabled persons. Under the Blind Persons' Rights Act in Alberta, guide dogs are a type of dog trained as a guide for blind people. Both types of dogs must meet the qualifications under the Service Dogs Qualification Regulations.

Are landlords required to accommodate people with service and guide dogs?

Both the Service Dogs Act and Blind Persons’ Rights Act prohibits landlords from discriminating against disabled and blind persons with a qualified service or guide dog, provided that the person can control the dog’s behavior. Landlords who discriminate against or deny occupancy of a dwelling unit to a person with a service or guide dog are guilty of an offence and can be fined up to $3,000.
The right of a disabled or blind person to use a service or guide dog is also protected by the Alberta Human Rights Act. Landlords have a duty to accommodate disabled persons with a qualified service or guide dog to the point of undue hardship. Some of the factors that are considered in undue hardship include: financial costs of the accommodation, health and safety concerns and substantial interference with other people. Undue hardship is a difficult standard to meet. Generally, landlords must provide some level of accommodation.

Example:

A potential tenant is blind and has a guide dog. It is considered discrimination if a landlord refuses to show the rental property or refuses to rent to the person because of their guide dog.

What is the difference between companion, therapy and emotional support animals?

There are other types of animals that provide assistance and support, for example:

- Companion animals (also known as “pets”) are a type of animal kept for pleasure.
- Therapy animals are animals that are used by therapists for short-term therapeutic purposes.
- Emotional support animals are typically used for providing support to individuals with mental illness (like anxiety or depression) or chronic illness.

Unlike service and guide dogs, companion, therapy and emotional support animals are not covered by existing legislation in Alberta.

Are landlords required to accommodate people with companion, therapy or emotional support animals?

Landlords may have a duty to accommodate disabled persons with other types of animals such as therapy, emotional support or companion animals. Whether there is a duty to accommodate depends on whether there is reliable medical evidence confirming a person’s disability and the person’s dependence on the animal. For more information on human rights issues in residential tenancies, contact the Alberta Human Rights Commission.
How can landlords determine that an animal is certified and covered under Alberta legislation?

The certification of service and guide dogs are covered under the Service Dogs Act and Blind Persons’ Rights Act. Landlords can determine if a service or guide dog is certified by checking the tenant’s Government of Alberta identification card. The card identifies the individual and their dog. The identification card is proof that the individual and their dog are qualified.

Tip:
A person who falsely claims to be a disabled or blind person with a qualified service or guide dog is guilty of an offence and liable for a fine of up to $300.

What are the requirements for a qualified service dog?
Under the Service Dogs Qualifications Regulations, a dog is considered a qualified service dog if:

- the dog has successfully completed a training program through a school or institution accredited by Assistance Dogs International Inc. (ADI) or
- the dog has successfully completed:
  - a training program delivered by an organization identified on the Minister’s Qualified List or
  - a test administered by an organization identified on the Minister’s Qualified List.

For more information on the Minister’s Qualified List and more information about ADI, refer to the Government of Alberta’s Alberta Human Services website:

www.humanservices.alberta.ca/disability-services/service-dogs.html
Where can I find information on the certification and qualification of other animals (e.g., non-dogs)?

There is currently no legislation in Alberta that covers the certification or qualifications of other types of animals. The Service Dogs Act and Blind Persons’ Rights Act only covers dogs.

Resources to learn more

**Service Dogs Act**

**Service Dogs Qualifications Regulations**

**Blind Persons’ Rights Act**

**Government of Alberta, Alberta Human Services**
Information on service dogs
www.alberta.ca/service-dog-information.aspx

**Alberta Human Rights Commission**
Information on discrimination and human rights law
www.albertahumanrights.ab.ca